Financial Statements **June 30, 2019**



Independent auditor's report

To the Members of Students' Association of Mount Royal University

Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Students' Association of Mount Royal University (the Association) as at June 30, 2019 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

What we have audited

The Association's financial statements comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2019;
- the statement of revenues and expenses for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in net assets for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Association's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Association to cease to continue as a going concern.



• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

Calgary, Alberta November 25, 2019

Statement of Financial Position

As at June 30, 2019

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Assets		
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments (note 3) Accounts receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses Funds held in trust	2,075,650 349,724 159,917 76,169 82,425 89,414	1,326,378 - 179,447 68,835 52,425 92,853
	2,833,299	1,719,938
Investments (note 3)	7,110,251	7,347,854
Capital assets (note 4)	12,910,280	13,451,205
	22,853,830	22,518,997
Liabilities		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (notes 8 and 9) Deferred revenue Promissory note (note 5) Funds held in trust	431,783 663,571 350,068 89,414	505,898 433,409 333,190 92,853
	1,534,836	1,365,350
Advances and deposits held	56,950	56,950
Promissory note (note 5)	9,558,638	9,908,706
Deferred contributions (note 6)	3,087,715	3,140,242
	14,238,139	14,471,248
Net assets Internally restricted net assets invested in capital assets Internally restricted (note 7) Endowment Unrestricted (deficiency)	1,359,834 7,063,998 35,000 156,859	1,443,277 6,701,743 35,000 (132,271)
	8,615,691	8,047,749
	22,853,830	22,518,997

Statement of Revenues and Expenses

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Revenues Fees Membership services Business operations Interest and dividend income Change in fair value of investments Amortization of deferred contributions Management and executive Programming	3,571,254 2,603,799 1,131,671 243,348 231,566 132,919 114,275 5,300	3,345,570 2,477,668 1,212,181 222,379 211,878 134,263 96,133 6,213
	8,034,132	7,706,285
Expenses Membership services Management Amortization Business operations – direct expenses Executive Business operations – cost of sales Programing	3,091,812 2,396,284 591,029 550,352 420,737 202,201 213,775	2,882,074 2,634,405 597,517 586,759 380,147 259,444 250,365 7,590,711
Excess of revenues over expenses	567,942	115,574

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended June 30, 2019

					2019	2018
	Internally restricted net assets invested in capital assets \$	Internally restricted \$ (note 7)	Endowment \$	Unrestricted \$	Total \$	Total \$
Balance – Beginning of						
year	1,443,277	6,701,743	35,000	(132,271)	8,047,749	7,932,175
Excess of revenues over expenses Transfer to internally restricted Purchase of capital assets – internally funded	(133,547) - 55,097	(979,834) 1,342,089	-	1,681,323 (1,342,089) (55,097)	567,942	115,574 - -
Disposal of capital assets	(4,993)	-	-	4,993	-	-
	(83,443)	362,255	-	289,130	567,942	115,574
Balance – End of year	1,359,834	7,063,998	35,000	156,859	8,615,691	8,047,749

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Cash flows provided by (used for)		
Operating activities Excess of revenues over expenses Add items not involving cash Amortization Deferred contribution recorded as fees, membership services, and management and executive revenue Amortization of deferred contributions Unrealized increase in market value of investments Loss on disposal of capital assets	567,942 591,029 (1,078,420) (132,919) (76,364) 3,355	115,574 597,517 (1,095,362) (134,263) (186,485) 29,161
Changes in non-cash working capital	(125,377) 138,243	(673,858) (20,863)
Financing activities Capital contributions received Scholarship contributions received Other contributions received Repayment of promissory note	12,866 1,040,824 102,260 15,728 (333,190) 825,622	946,138 91,684 67,177 (317,125) 787,874
Investing activities Acquisition of capital assets – internally funded Proceeds on sale of capital assets Purchase of investments Proceeds from sale of investments	(55,097) 1,638 (5,564,240) 5,528,483 (89,216)	(21,370) (1,951,745) 1,667,783 (305,332)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	749,272	(212,179)
Cash and cash equivalents – Beginning of year	1,326,378	1,538,557
Cash and cash equivalents – End of year	2,075,650	1,326,378
Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following Cash on hand and balances with banks Investments in money market instruments Total cash and cash equivalents	1,652,467 423,183 2,075,650	1,147,847 178,531 1,326,378
Supplementary cash flow information Interest paid	508,299	523,770

Notes to Financial Statements **June 30, 2019**

1 General

The Students' Association of Mount Royal University (SAMRU or the Association) is a not-for-profit organization, which was incorporated under the authority of the Post-Secondary Learning Act of the Province of Alberta in 2005 (having incorporated under the Societies Act of the Province of Alberta in 1967). SAMRU is registered as a charitable organization under the Income Tax Act and, as such, is exempt from income taxes and is able to issue donation receipts for income tax purposes.

The Student Governing Board is established within the Post-Secondary Learning Act and SAMRU's bylaws constitute the Student Governing Board as the governing board of the Association. The majority of Governors and the four Representation Executive Council Officers are elected annually from and by the general membership of the Association. The Student Governing Board is the fiduciary trustee for SAMRU and, as such, makes all of the crucial decisions regarding the Association's purpose, resources, strategic plans and policy.

SAMRU operates as an independent, autonomous body separate and distinct from Mount Royal University. SAMRU entered into a License of Occupation Agreement and Collateral Agreement with the Board of Mount Royal University, which entitles SAMRU to the exclusive use of the Wyckham House Student Centre. SAMRU records the Right to Occupy Wyckham House as a capital asset as SAMRU has the beneficial risks and rewards of this asset.

2 Significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations in Canada, and include the following significant accounting policies:

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks, and investments in money market instruments with terms to maturity of less than 90 days from date of purchase.

Funds held in trust and liability for funds held in trust

Funds held in trust represent monies managed by the Association on behalf of other organizations such as student-run clubs. The Association does not report the revenues and expenses related to these funds.

Investments

Investments consist of equities, mutual funds, income funds and government and corporate bonds. Investments are recorded at fair value as determined by reference to their quoted market prices. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of revenues and expenses in the year in which they arise.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The valuation method used is first-in, first-out.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Financial instruments

The Association initially measures financial assets and financial liabilities in the statement of financial position at their fair value. It subsequently measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, other than investments, which are reported at fair value. The financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and funds held in trust asset. The financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, funds held in trust liability, advances and deposits held, and the promissory note.

Credit risk

The Association does not have a concentration of credit exposure with any one party. The Association does not consider that it is exposed to undue credit risk.

Other price risk

The Association is not significantly exposed to currency risk due to changes in foreign exchange rates, or market risk from fluctuations in the marketplace.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Association will encounter difficulties in meeting its financial obligations. The Association manages its liquidity risk through cash and debt management.

Interest rate risk

The Association does not consider its exposure to interest rate risk as a result of changes in market interest rates or cash flow risk to be significant.

Capital assets

SAMRU records capital assets at cost, including installation costs. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution, determined by reference to cost for similar assets. During the year, there were no contributed capital assets (2018 – \$nil). SAMRU records amortization using the following methods and rates, intended to recognize the cost of property and equipment over their useful lives:

	Method	Rate
Furniture and fixtures	Declining balance	20%
Computers and electronics	Declining balance	30%
Right to occupy Wyckham House	Straight-line	40 years
Wyckham House improvements	Straight-line	40 years
Wyckham House expansion and development	Straight-line	40 years

Amortization is not provided on capitalized costs relating to major additions until the respective additions are substantially complete and put into use.

Notes to Financial Statements **June 30, 2019**

Revenue recognition

The Association follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Contributions externally restricted by third parties and related to general operations are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Restricted contributions related to capital assets or repayments of debt obtained to purchase capital assets are recognized as revenue as the related capital assets are amortized. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year received or receivable if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Endowment contributions are recognized as direct increases in net assets.

Dividend income, interest income, and change in fair value of investments are recognized as revenue in the year in which they arise.

Revenue from fees, membership services, business operations, programming, and management and executive are recognized as services are provided.

Contributed services

SAMRU receives contributed services from Mount Royal University in the form of utilities for the non-revenue generating areas of Wyckham House. Volunteers contribute a significant number of hours per year to assist SAMRU in carrying out its program activities. Because of the difficulty of determining their value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenue and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in the statement of revenues and expenses in the year in which they become known.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

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	2019 \$	2018 \$
Federal and Provincial bonds Corporate bonds Income funds Equities – Canadian Equities – International	3,089,268 1,332,101 25,402 1,207,732 1,805,472	1,347,989 2,683,265 - 1,840,895 1,475,705
	7,459,975	7,347,854
Investments are recorded as:		
	2019 \$	2018 \$
Short-term investments Long-term investments	349,724 7,110,251	7,347,854
	7,459,975	7,347,854

4 Capital assets

			2019	2018
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net book value \$	Net book value \$
Furniture and fixtures Computers and electronics Right to occupy Wyckham House Wyckham House improvements Wyckham House expansion and	874,107 348,203 3,952,253 1,175,156	737,799 294,895 3,109,179 813,053	136,308 53,308 843,074 362,103	151,138 60,693 948,457 384,073
development	15,668,172	4,152,685	11,515,487	11,906,844
	22,017,891	9,107,611	12,910,280	13,451,205

5 Promissory note

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Debenture repayable in semi-annual instalments of \$420,738 including interest at 5.003%, due June 2037 and secured in the event of default by way of a Capital Levy against annual capital campaign fees collected by the Association Less: Current portion of promissory note	9,908,706 350,068	10,241,896 333,190
	9,558,638	9,908,706

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Principal repayments on long-term debt in each of the next five years and thereafter are estimated as follows:

	\$
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 and thereafter	350,068 367,801 386,432 406,007 8,398,398
Total	9,908,706

6 Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions represent amounts received that are externally restricted and have not been spent. The balance will be recognized as revenue when the related expenses are incurred or classified as unamortized deferred capital contributions once expended for capital expansion and development.

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Contributions received for		
Capital expansion and development	1,040,824	946,138
Scholarships	102,260	91,684
Program support Season of caring	- 6 1 1 6	64,616 2,561
Club development fund	6,146 9,582	2,561
	1,158,812	1,104,999
Contributions recorded in the year as		
Fees revenue	(1,022,822)	(1,054,987)
Membership services revenue	(46,016)	(40,375)
Management and executive revenue	(9,582)	<u> </u>
	(1,078,420)	(1,095,362)
Increase during the year	80,392	9.637
Deferred contributions – Beginning of year	966,483	956,846
Deferred contributions – End of year	1,046,875	966,483
-		
The balance is externally restricted for the following Scholarships	866,394	879,780
Capital campaigns	133,648	679,760
Program support	44,808	85,517
Season of caring	2,025	1,186
	1,046,875	966,483

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Unamortized deferred capital contributions

Unamortized deferred capital contributions represent the external funding of capital assets which will be recognized in revenue, as earned capital contributions, in future years as the related funded assets are amortized.

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Balance – Beginning of year Less: Amount amortized to revenue	2,173,759 132,919	2,308,022 134,263
Balance – End of year	2,040,840	2,173,759

7 Internally restricted net assets

The Association's Student Governing Board has internally restricted net assets for the following:

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Reserve Health and dental Capital replacement Scholarship Capital Deanna Cardinal Memorial fund	2,996,074 1,946,282 1,000,000 710,217 396,331 15,094	2,111,934 1,838,817 1,776,577 645,040 315,017 14,358
	7,063,998	6,701,743

8 Termination benefits

During the year, the Association paid a total of 9,000 (2018 – 135,710) in termination benefits, which is included in management expense, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities for the prior year.

9 Government remittances

In respect of government remittances, Goods and Services Tax (GST) of \$5,648 (2018 – \$3,673) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

10 Contingent gain

From February 2015 through January 2018, the Association paid a total of \$368,416 to Mount Royal University as GST related to the Association's occupation of the Wyckham House Student Centre. The Canada Revenue Agency's decision underlying Mount Royal University's requirement to collect and remit GST related to the Association's occupation of the Wyckham House Student Centre has been appealed by Mount Royal University.

Notes to Financial Statements **June 30**, **2019**

Mount Royal University has confirmed there is a reasonable likelihood that the appeal will be successful and the Association expects to recover the net value of the total GST amount paid to Mount Royal University related to the Association's occupation of the Wyckham House Student Centre less the sum total of rebates previously claimed against the amounts paid. As such, SAMRU estimates a contingent gain of \$184,208 exists as of June 30, 2019.